

# The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,208.

Price 3d.]

EDINBURGH,

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13. 1787.

**THEATRE ROYAL.**  
BY PARTICULAR DESIRE OF A  
**LADY OF DISTINCTION.**  
On WEDNESDAY Evening, February 14. 1787.  
WILL BE PRESENTED,  
(THE SECOND NIGHT)  
The last New Comedy, called,  
**HE WOULD BE A SOLDIER.**

As now performing at the Theatre Royal, Covent Garden, with universal applause.  
With New Drifts and Decorations.  
Sir Oliver Oldlock, Mr WILSON;  
Colonel Talbot, Mr KEMBLE;  
Crevett, Mr WOODS;  
Manderville, Mr ILIFF;—Pierpont, Mr LA-MASH;  
And Caleb, (with a Song in Character) Mr MOSS.  
Harriet, Mrs WOODS;  
And a young lady, Mrs KEMBLE.

After the Play,  
(By particular desire) "Adieu thou Drury Place."  
By Mrs ILIFF.  
To which will be added, (by particular desire)  
Mr GRIFFIN's celebrated Entertainment of  
The Critic, or a Tragedy Rehearsed.

His first appearance in that Character.  
Dangle, Mr ILIFF;  
Sneer, Mr SPARKS;  
And Sir Fretful Plagiarist, Mr MOSS.  
Mrs Dangle, Mrs WOODS;  
Don Ferolo Whiskerandos, Mr LA-MASH;  
The Beef-eater, Mr HALLION;  
And Tibbina, Mrs WILMOT-WELLS.  
Italian Family, by Mr BELL, Mrs J. BLAND,  
and Mrs ILIFF.

To conclude with a  
**SEA-FIGHT,**  
And the Taking of the  
**SPANISH ARMADA.**  
Tickets to be had, and places for the Boxes taken, of Mr  
Giss, at the Office of the Theatre.  
The Tragedy of Douglas and the Irish Widow were re-  
ceived last night by a crowded audience, with the greatest  
marks of approbation. Due notice will be given of Mrs  
ROBINSON's third appearance.

**NEW ASSEMBLY ROOMS.**  
On THURSDAY the 15th February,  
THERE WILL BE  
**AN ASSEMBLY,**  
AT THE NEW ROOMS IN GEORGE STREET.  
To begin at Seven o'clock.

Tickets, three Shillings each, to be had at  
Mr Spinkie's shop, opposite to the Tron Church;  
Mr Richard Richardson's, Royal Exchange; and  
Messrs Montgomery and Steele's, Prince's Street.  
The Committee of Subscribers give notice, That the Coach  
entry to the Assembly Rooms is on the west side, and the  
Chair entry on the east side of the building.  
The Nobility and Gentry are particularly requested to order  
their Coachmen, both in getting down and taking up, to  
enter from George Street, and drive off by Rose Street.

**REFINED SALT.**  
DR. ROBERTSON'S REFINED SALT, so universally in  
use, and found much superior to any other for Table,  
preserving Meat, Butter, &c. is sold at Finch, Waddell,  
and Company's, Confectioners, Edinburgh, only.  
Also,  
Just arrived, of the best qualities, Peruvian Cheese, An-  
chovies, Turkey Figs, French Apples, Plums, Chestnuts  
and Walnuts.

**WHEAT AND FLOUR.**  
To be SOLD by public Auction, on Friday first the 16th  
current, at twelve o'clock noon, in the Warehouse of  
Messrs Ramfay, Williamson, and Co. Leith. THE CARGO  
of the Endeavour, Captain Mills, from Newhaven in SUS-  
SEX, consisting of about  
230 Bolls, White WHEAT,  
370 Bolls, Red WHEAT,  
180 Sacks, First and Second FLOUR, } of the finest quality,  
A DARGES, and a small quantity of WHEAT.

Trustees Office, Edin. 13th Feb. 1787.  
**IF THE Writer of an anonymous Letter**  
lately sent to this Office, addressed to the Secretary,  
relative to the misconduct of a Stampmaster in Fife, will  
transmit any satisfactory proof with regard to one of the  
points therein mentioned, viz. That the person employed  
by that Stampmaster as an assistant, had actually stamped  
several pieces of cloth which, on account of their base quality,  
were rejected by other Stampmasters, due attention shall  
be paid to the information, and the name of the person giv-  
ing such information kept secret.

By order of the Trustees,  
ROB. ARBUTHNOT Sec.

Trustees Office, Edin. 13th Feb. 1787.  
**THE Commissioners and Trustees for**  
Fisheries, Manufactures, and Improvements in Scot-  
land, having now received all the reports of the Judges ap-  
pointed to examine and determine the preferences among  
the several parcels of Tups, the most proper for improving the  
breed of Sheep, and the quality of wool, shewn at different  
parts of the country to compete for the premiums which  
were held forth for the year 1786:—Notice is hereby given  
to the gainers, that the premiums are ready to be paid upon  
their sending receipts for the same to this Office.  
By order of the Trustees,  
ROB. ARBUTHNOT Sec.



**UMBRELLAS**  
AT THE  
**LOWEST PRICES.**  
INCOMPARABLY the largest,  
and best assortment in this coun-  
try; and an assortment of Fa-  
mable FANS, Green and Black  
Wax Cloth, &c. to be sold at  
FYFFE'S Ware-rooms, head of Bridge  
Street, Edinburgh, and King's Street,  
Glasgow.

N. B. Fans and Umbrellas mounted and repaired.  
Excise Office, Edinburgh, 13th February, 1787.  
BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE  
**Commissioners of Excise.**  
THERE is to be exposed to SALE by public Auction, at  
Aulbruther, on Friday the 23d current,  
1538 } Gallons, }  
300 } GENEVA, }  
160 } RUM, }  
BRANDY.

**ARCHERS.**  
THE ROYAL COMPANY OF ARCHERS dine at their  
Hall, upon Saturday next the 17th instant.  
Dinner on the table precisely at four o'clock.

**RIGA LINTSEED.**  
TO be SOLD, a Parcel of "extending fine RIGA LINT-  
SEED for sowing, (in sheeted barrels), lately arrived  
at Leith.  
Apply to Alexander Moubay merchant in Edinburgh.

**Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office,**  
New Street, Parliament Close.  
FEB. 6. 1787.

THE Annual Premiums and King's Duty upon Insur-  
ances due at this Office at the present term of Candle-  
mas, are desired to be paid immediately, as by neglecting the  
payment fifteen days after the term-day, the benefit of the  
policy expires.  
Persons insured will please therefore to call at the Office,  
and pay the same; where receipts are granted for old pre-  
miums, and policies are renewed.

Notice is also given, that this Office allow the policy gra-  
tis to such persons already insured with them who may find  
it needful to alter their insurances, as well as to such persons  
who may change their insurances from any other Office to this.

**Dalkeith District.**

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is to be a Meeting  
of the Trustees for the Turnpike Roads in the District  
of Dalkeith, within John's Colliehouse, Edinburgh, upon  
Wednesday the 21st day of February current, at one o'clock  
afternoon, when it is requested the Trustees will attend.

**Exchequer Chambers,**  
5th February 1787.  
By order of the Barons.  
Intimation is hereby given, That a Petition was this day  
presented to their Lordships from Alexander, Esq. Agnes,  
and Mary Macintosh, children of the deceased James Mac-  
intosh, labourer in Kilbrannide, praying a gift of the estate  
of Duncan Macintosh deceased, natural son of Neil Macin-  
tosh, grandfather of the petitioners.

**TO THE PUBLIC.**  
THE College of Surgeons, from the  
late extent of the city and suburbs, find daily in-  
convenience from being desired to go to distant quarters of  
the town, which they had left immediately before, and  
therefore request, that (cases of accident and sudden illness  
excepted) messengers from their patients, who wish to be vi-  
sited, may be sent to them before nine o'clock in the morn-  
ing.  
Surgeons Hall.

**York and Newcastle Coalition Coach,**  
Being a light, easy, and commodious Machine, with four horses,  
SETS out every day alternately from TURNER's, the  
Queen's Head, and from Mrs WILSON's, the Crown  
and Thistle, Newcastle, at four o'clock in the morning; ar-  
rives at York the same evening at six o'clock; and sets out  
every morning alternately from PULLEYN's, the York  
Tavern, and WRIGHTSWORTH's, the Black Swan, in  
York, at six o'clock.

Inside Passengers to pay 2 l. 4 s. each, to be allowed 14 lb.  
of luggage, and all above to pay 1 s. 6 d. per lb. For the latter  
accommodation of a Lady or Gentleman travelling with a  
servant, one outside passenger will be carried at 2 s. per mile.  
And as the Proprietors wish to have this Coach esteemed  
the most genteel and expeditious public Carriage upon the  
Road, they must beg leave to add, that every attention will  
be paid to render it agreeable to every person who travels in  
it; and that half-an-hour will be set apart for breakfast, and  
one hour for dinner.  
Performed by John Cundill and James Knowles, at Eas-  
ingwold; Elizabeth Calf, at Thirsk; Godfrey Hilt, and  
William Bulmer, at Northallerton; William Burnett,  
and Richard Thomson, at Darlington; Thomas Wharham, at  
Rushyford; and Thomas Hoult, and John Marshall, Dur-  
ham.

N. B. The proprietors will not be accountable for valuable  
Papers, Cash, Jewels, or Plate, upon any consideration  
whatever; or any other Parcel above the value of five pounds.  
A Fly and Diligence from the above Inns at York,  
set out every day for London; and also a Diligence every  
day for Leeds, Scarborough, and Hull; and a Diligence sets  
out from Mr Turner's, and from Mrs Wilson's, every day, for  
Edinburgh, and from J. Cameron's, Grass-market, Edinburgh,  
every day for Newcastle, by Berwick.

**The Old Leeds and Newcastle Diligence.**  
SETS out from the Star-and-Garter Inn, Leeds, every E-  
vening about seven o'clock, and from Mr TURNER's,  
the Queen's Head, Pilgrim-street, Newcastle, every evening  
at the same hour; meets at the King's Head, Northallerton,  
every morning; and arrives at Leeds and Newcastle, every  
day to dinner.  
At Newcastle this Carriage meets the Edinburgh Diligence,  
by way of Berwick, which goes out every evening. At Leeds  
meets the London, Sheffield, Nottingham, Birmingham,  
Bristol, Bath, Plymouth, Halifax, Manchester, and Liver-  
pool Coaches, which go out every day; and in which, places  
are reserved for all passengers coming in this Carriage.

The proprietors have fixed this Carriage upon such a plan,  
as to render the travelling in it perfectly safe; and full as  
expeditious as the Mail Coach, although they pay both Duty  
and Turnpikes.  
FARE from LEEDS to NEWCASTLE 1 l. 8 s.  
Performed by  
WOOD, Leeds. BULMER, Northallerton.  
GOODLAD, Harrogate. HOULT, Durham.  
HADDON, Rippon. TURNER, Newcastle.

The proprietors will not be accountable for any Parcel,  
Box, or Truss, above five pounds value, unless entered as  
such, and paid for accordingly.  
**JOHN KAY and COMPANY, Ship-**  
brokers in Leith, beg leave to inform their Friends in  
particular, and the Public in general, That they have com-  
menced SHIP BROKERS in all its branches, which they  
mean to carry on at Leith; and they flatter themselves, that  
they will, from their exertions, merit the favour of the Pub-  
lic.—Those who wish to favour them, will please direct for  
John Kay and Company, ship-brokers, within the Timber  
Bath entry, on the shore, Leith.  
N. B. Masters and Mates of vessels, well recommended,  
may apply at this Office for births; and Masters wanting  
freights on Merchants ships, may apply as above.

**NOTICE**  
To the CREDITORS OF JAMES HOGG,  
Tenant in Crigend.  
THE Committee and Trustees appointed by the Creditors  
at last General Meeting, hereby request the attend-  
ance of the whole Creditors in the Exchange Colliehouse,  
Edinburgh, on Saturday next the 17th current, at twelve  
o'clock noon, to receive the report of the Committee, and  
give further instructions to the Trustees.

**British State Lottery**  
Began drawing yesterday the 12th February 1787.  
Not two Blankets a Prize—and the prizes to be paid in  
money, without deduction.

THE Original Tickets and Shares, from a Half to a Six-  
teenth, in variety of Thousands, stamped and secured  
permanently to act of lachment, are sold and registered by  
**WHITE AND MITCHEL,**  
At the Licensed State Lottery Office opposite to the Tron  
Church, Edinburgh.  
(On account of Messrs Richardson and Goodluck, London)  
Where all business respecting the Lottery is transacted, by  
appointment of Government, and no where else in Scot-  
land on their account.

**PRESENT PRICES OF SHARES.**  
Half, - - - - - 8 12 6 Eighth, - - - - - 1 3 4 0  
Fourth, - - - - - 4 7 6 Sixteenth, - - - - - 1 2 6  
As they rise or fall in the London offices, so will they  
at this.

Registering Sixpence each number.  
Money for the prizes sold at this office will be paid, at  
current value, so soon as drawn, or, agreeable to act of Par-  
liament, in June 1787, without deduction.  
At this Office, authentic lists of each day's drawing will  
arrive the first on Thursday the 15th February. Tickets and  
Shares sold thereafter, will be warranted undrawn to the latest  
accounts.  
Country Correspondents may have tickets and shares sent,  
on remitting bills at sight or a short date. Correct numeri-  
cal and register books are kept. Schemes to be had gratis at  
the office. Letters post paid duly answered.

**Teas, &c. in Wholesale and Retail.**

JUST now arrived from the last sale of the East-India Com-  
pany, a quantity of very fine TEAS, which were bought  
by an eminent broker of experience, and will be sold for re-  
ady money only, at the following prices, viz.

Very best Bona, 5 lb.	2 0	Superfine Congou, 5 lb.	5 6
Congou Bona, 5 lb. <td>2 3<td>Fine Souchong, 5 lb.<td>5 6</td></td></td>	2 3 <td>Fine Souchong, 5 lb.<td>5 6</td></td>	Fine Souchong, 5 lb. <td>5 6</td>	5 6
Good Congou, 5 lb. <td>3 0<td>Very best ditto, 5 lb.<td>6 0</td></td></td>	3 0 <td>Very best ditto, 5 lb.<td>6 0</td></td>	Very best ditto, 5 lb. <td>6 0</td>	6 0
Superior ditto, 5 lb. <td>3 10<td>Good Green Tea, 5 lb.<td>6 0</td></td></td>	3 10 <td>Good Green Tea, 5 lb.<td>6 0</td></td>	Good Green Tea, 5 lb. <td>6 0</td>	6 0
Fine ditto, 5 lb. <td>4 2<td>Very fine Hyson, 5 lb.<td>7 8</td></td></td>	4 2 <td>Very fine Hyson, 5 lb.<td>7 8</td></td>	Very fine Hyson, 5 lb. <td>7 8</td>	7 8
Very fine ditto, 5 lb. <td>4 10<td>Superfine ditto, 5 lb.<td>9 0</td></td></td>	4 10 <td>Superfine ditto, 5 lb.<td>9 0</td></td>	Superfine ditto, 5 lb. <td>9 0</td>	9 0

The above Teas will be found of the best qualities, and at  
least 3 d. per lb. lower than what are shipped to this place  
by the London grocers in wholesale; and in order to put the  
retail business upon an equal if not a superior footing to that  
of London, the tract allowed of 4 per cent. by the East-India  
Company will also be given in retail, which entitles the  
purchaser to 1 oz. every 2 lb. and to 2 oz. every 3 lb. It  
shall always be studied to have a fresh and complete assort-  
ment from every sale, to meet the approbation of the public.  
And in order to regulate the prices of Tea as far as possible,  
and to prevent impositions, it is proposed to give the public  
a fair state of the original cost of every sale at the Company's  
warehouse, as well as the prices charged, which will prevent  
the Tea Business being carried on by improper persons.

Also the following Wines and Fruits.

**LEMONS, CHINA and SEVILLE ORANGES.**  
St. CATHERINE'S PRUNES, in chests & half chests.  
Also a quantity of very fine Italian RAISINS, of a rich  
quality, for making wine, which will be sold at a small  
profit per ton.

Some very fine Walnuts, Chestnuts, and French Rynods.  
Some of those that buy the Oranges for Marmalade will be  
entitled to sugar for making the same one halfpenny per  
pound below the current prices.

Port and Sherry Wine of the best quality, and lowest pri-  
ces, of any in town.  
Orders for the above addressed to Alexander Thomson, at  
his warehouse, High Street, Edinburgh, will be properly at-  
tended to.

**Gottenburgh Teas, &c.**  
**JOHN SWANSTON,**  
At the head of Carrubber's Close.

A Quaints the Ladies, and the worthy Trades of Edin-  
burgh, that he has just now got to hand from his Ma-  
jesty's Warehouse, about eighteen hundred weight of high  
flavoured GOTTENBURGH and others BLACK  
and GREEN TEAS, far superior to any from the English mar-  
ket, all in the original packages, which upon trial, will be  
found much cheaper than any Teas yet offered to sale, at the  
following prices, viz.

Bona from 1 s. 10 d. to 2 s. 6 d.—Congou, 3 s. 8 d. 4 s. 4 s.  
6 d. and 5 s.—Souchong, 3 s. 3 d. 3 s. 6 d. and 4 s.—Green Tea  
from 3 s. 8 d. to 7 s.—And fine Hyson, 7 s. 6 d. 8 s. and 9 s.—  
Coffee, 2 s. 8 d.—Foreign and British Spirits as usual, from  
2 s. 8 d. to 9 s. per gallon. The strong old proof Whisky at 3 s.  
is as good as what was formerly sold at 4 s. per gallon. Strong  
proof ditto at 2 s. 10 d.

The above Teas may be seen at J. S. shop, or at his Ware-  
house in Bishop's Land Close. SUGARS at prime cost.

**Ancient and Modern Prints.**

TO be SOLD by W. MARTIN, in Mr FYFFE's auction  
room, Bridge Street, this evening, (the 13th instant),  
and the seven following lawful evenings,  
The Select and valuable Collection of PRINTS and  
DRAWINGS, which belonged to the late ALEXANDER  
STUART, Esq. of Dumfries.

Together with another Entire and Genuine Collection, the  
property of a Gentleman who has left off collecting.  
The whole to be sold without reserve. Catalogues to be  
had on Tuesday at the sale room, where the Prints may be  
seen on the respective days of sale, from twelve to three  
o'clock.

**Lands in the County of Kincardine.**

TO be SOLD by private bargain, the Lands and Estate  
of WHITERIGGS and ARTHUR-HOUSE, lying  
in the parishes of Fordoun and Garroch, with the mansion  
house, garden, and offices, pleasantly situated on the water  
of Berrie.

For particulars, apply to Mr William Burnet, Advocate  
in Aberdeen, James Greig, writer in Edinburgh, or the pro-  
prio, Mr Leith, at Whitehiggs by Berrie.

**LANDS IN EAST LOTHIAN.**

TO be SOLD by Private Bargain,  
THAT part of the Lands and Barony of TRANENT,  
lying to the north of the Post-road from Tranent to  
Haddington, presently possessed by William and John Cuth-  
bertson, William Hunter, William Vallance, George Wilson,  
David Allan, and their Tenants; all lying contiguous, mea-  
suring about 550 acres, and yielding L. 437 11 s. 11 d. Sterling  
of yearly rent.—Also, sundry Feudal dues in and about the  
town of Tranent, yielding about L. 40 Sterling per annum;  
and about 75 acres of improvable rural along the Post-road,  
close to the town of Tranent, on which no value is put in  
the rental. There is a seam of Coal, 9 feet thick, on which  
no value is put, as it is not open, though part has a level cut  
up to it. The Lands hold blanch of the Crown.—The va-  
lued rent is L. 1100 Scots, and the proprietor has right to  
the tenants.  
For further particulars, enquire at Alexander Mackenzie  
writer to the signet.

**British State Lottery 1786.**  
Began drawing yesterday the 12th February.

The first day's List will arrive here on Thursday the 15th.  
THE Original Tickets and Shares, from a Half to a Six-  
teenth, are selling by  
**JAMES THOMSON and SON,**  
Insurance Brokers.

At their Lottery Office, opposite to the Cross, Edinburgh,  
Being the only Licensed Dealers in Scotland,  
on their own account.

Correct numerical and register books are kept, and Tic-  
kets and Shares registered at 6 d. each number.

**S C H E M E.**

NO. OF PRIZES	VALUE OF EACH	TOTAL VALUE
2 of	L. 20,000	is L. 40,000
3 —	10,000	— 30,000
5 —	5,000	— 25,000
10 —	2,000	— 20,000
15 —	1,000	— 15,000
20 —	500	— 10,000
30 —	300	— 9,000
40 —	200	— 8,000
50 —	100	— 5,000
100 —	50	— 5,000
16,690 Prizes		L. 493,000
First Drawn Ticket, the 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th, 13th, and 16th days, 1000 l. each,		6,000
Last Drawn,		1,000
33,370 Blanks.		
50,000 Tickets,		L. 500,000

Not two Blanks to a Prize.  
Letters post paid duly answered.—Schemes gratis.

**HUNTING TOWER BLEACHFIELD**  
NEAR PERTH.

RICHARDSON and COMPANY will bleach this season  
at the following prices: All plain Linen, yard wide  
and under, not exceeding  
800 warp, at 2 d. per yard, Long Lawns & Dingers, 3 d.  
900 & 1000, 2 d. Fine Towels & Damasks, 4 d.  
1100 & 1200, 3 d. Cambrics, 4 d.  
1300 & 1400, 3 d. All above yard wide in pro-  
portion to its breadth.  
1500 & 1600, 4 d.  
1700 & all above, 5 d.

Cloth for this Field is taken in by  
Joseph Lachlan, at his shop opposite Libberton's Wynd,  
Lawnmarket, Edinburgh.  
John Low merchant, head of Skinner's Close.  
William Robertson merchant, Leith.

\* \* The Public may depend on quick dispatch, and their  
Cloth whitened and finished to the best advantage.

**LEAD MINES.**

THERE are some promising appearances of LEAD  
MINES in the Earl of Breadalbane's Estate of Glas-  
gorbey and Strathfillan.

Those who wish to view the grounds, or give in proposals  
for a Lease, may apply to Mr Stewart, factor to Lord Bread-  
albane, at Achmure, by Grief, or to John Campbell, writ-  
ter to the signet.

John Macnab at Tyndrum, will show the grounds.

To be SET for nineteen years, or such other term as can be  
agreed upon.

**THE Farm and Lands of LATTER,**

in the parish of Callendar, and shire of Perth, toge-  
ther with the Houses, Gardens, and Orna Parks, being that  
part thereof feued out by the late Commissioners of An-  
nexed Estates.

The grazing is extensive, the soil good, and the lands beau-  
tifully situated, facing the south along the side of Loch  
Callendar. There is also a good slated Dwelling House upon  
the feu, fit either for the summer residence of a genteel fa-  
mily, or the proper accommodation of a substantial tenant.

The entry to be at Whitferry next, as to the houses and  
graze, and at the separation of the ensuing crop from the  
ground as to the arable lands. And if the tenant inclines  
to purchase the feu, the proprietor will dispose of it upon  
reasonable terms.

Proposals may be made to James Stewart, Esq. of Tar,  
residing at Auchray, or to John Macnab writer to the signet,  
Edinburgh, who will keep the names of the officers se-  
cret, if desired.

Mr Macnab will show a plan of the subjects.

**Lands in Galloway for Sale.**

TO be SOLD by voluntary roup, within the Exchange  
Colliehouse in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 7th  
of March 1787, betwixt the hours of six and seven o'clock in  
the afternoon.

The Lands and Estate of REIDBANK, comprehending  
Lagball, Netherdown, Boigs, Prieftlands, and Reidbank, with  
the salmon fishing in the rivers of Nith and Cargen, belong-  
ing to the said lands, all lying within the parish of Troquear,  
and shewarty of Kirkcubright.

The total rental is	L. 375 5 0
From which deducting,	
The stipend,	L. 6 10 10
Tennd tack-duty,	1 1 2
And school salary,	0 13 6
	8 5 18

Remains of yearly rent, Sterling, L. 566 19 0  
They hold of the Crown, and are rated in the county  
books at 366 l. Scots of valued rent.

This estate lies on the banks of the Nith, about a mile be-  
low and on the opposite side from the town of Dumfries  
where the tide flows to a great height, and vessels of con-  
siderable burden take in and discharge their cargoes. It is  
completely inclosed with thriving hedges; and in point of  
agreeable situation, qualities of the soil, state and condition of  
the farms, means of improvement, and other advantages,  
will, it is believed, give satisfaction to any who may enquire  
after it. The tenants are valued.

Any person wanting further information, or wishing to  
purchase by private bargain, may apply to Edgar Corrie  
merchant in Liverpool, Hugh Corrie writer to the signet, at  
Edinburgh, or to Commissary Goldie, at Dumfries; and  
Charles Barry tenant in the Netherdown will show the  
grounds.

**A Ship for Sale by private bargain.**



THE Ship JAMES, about one  
hundred and eighty tons cur-  
rent's tonnage, as the presently  
lies in the harbour of Oranmore.  
Apply to Capt. Gordon on board  
the vessel.  
Her Cargo of LOGS and DEAL  
from Christiansands in Norway,  
discharging, is like to be SOLD  
Not to be repeated.



## HOUSE OF LORDS.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7.

**Lord Derby** presented a petition against Mr Pitt's bill for regulating India, of a similar tendency with that presented a few nights since to the Commons by Mr Dempster.

Received and read several papers from the Commons relative to Botany-bay.

As also, an account of the shipping employed in the whale-fishery in North-Britain.

The Secretary of the Commissioners appointed to enquire into the land revenue of the Crown, presented, pursuant to order, a report respecting the alienation of them.

Some inconsiderable petitions were received, a Scotch appeal was ordered to be withdrawn, on the payment of 10*l.* costs by the appellant.

The House received the lottery bill sent up by the Commons, which was read the first time.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

THURSDAY, Feb. 8.

### COMMERCIAL TREATY.

The Duke of Norfolk took notice, that the papers laid on the table, relative to our trade with Portugal, were only since the year 1784; that the imports and exports, before that time, were material, and he wondered they had been suppressed.

Lord Carmarthen said the Customhouse reports, previous to 1784, were not sufficiently accurate to be material.

Lord Hawkebury was of the same opinion.

Lord Stormont entered largely into the nature of the Portugal trade, which he said was greatly in favour of this country.

Lord Carmarthen promised, that the papers, mentioned by the noble Duke, should be laid on the table.

### LOTTERY BILL.

Lord Sydney moved for the second reading of the Lottery Bill.

Lord Derby, Lord Stormont, and Lord Carlisle spoke strongly against the bill.

The Chancellor and Lord Hopetoun in favour of it; on which it was read a second time, and ordered to be committed this day.

FRIDAY, Feb. 9.

### LOTTERY.

The House having resolved itself into a Committee, Lord Selkirk in the Chair, the several clauses of the bill were read.

Lord Stormont objected to the principles of the bill, particularly to the clause which admits the insurance of whole tickets to be legal. He said, that this tended to the encouragement of gambling, as the lottery office keeper could easily furnish the adventurer with a ticket, which, by being transferred from one person to another, would serve as an evasion of the law. He concluded by his belief that the bill had been formed by a certain number of lottery-office keepers, for the purpose of monopolizing their depredations on the public.

The Lord Chancellor defended the bill, and was convinced, that notwithstanding every objection advanced, its operation would be happy for the community.

Lord Loughborough opposed the whole of the new regulation; and contended, that it was the proposition of speculators, as the price of tickets in consequence of the measure had risen amazingly.

The Lord Chancellor proceeded upon similar grounds to what he had already advanced; but, as an amendment, moved in substance as follows:—That the ticket or tickets insured agreeably to the act, shall be deposited in an office appointed by the Commissioners of the Lottery; that there shall not be more than one insurance on a single ticket; and that the insurance shall be against a blank.

Lord Loughborough, the Duke of Norfolk, and Lord Carlisle, opposed the amendment, and reprobated the whole bill.

After a variety of arguments, the Committee divided on the Lord Chancellor's amendment.

Contents — 33  
Non Contents — 7

The report was then ordered to be made.

## HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7.

### LOTTERY BILL.

The second order of the day being read, that the lottery bill should be read a third time, Mr Fox and Mr Alderman Townshend argued very strongly for its rejection, or at least for the expunging of that clause by which insurance is made legal.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer supported the bill, and on a division there appeared for it 126—Against it 97—majority 29.

### IMPEACHMENT OF MR HASTINGS.

Mr Dempster wished for a few minutes to call the attention of the House to a few words he had to say. Sir Elijah Impey, on his examination at the bar of the House, had been asked some questions relative to the depositions which he had received at Lucknow; particularly with respect to some Persian affidavits, and the translator of those affidavits. He had since conversed with Sir Elijah Impey on those points; and he now held a paper in his hand, which he had taken from the lips of that gentleman, in which Sir Elijah explained and rectified some parts of his examination that had escaped his memory in the course of five years. The paper Mr Dempster wished to be indulged in reading, which was readily granted. At the end of which he proposed, that Gentlemen might make whatever use of the paper they chose; or that, if they thought Sir Elijah's appearance at the bar, in order to be cross-examined, would answer the purpose much better, he was ready to come into that opinion.

Mr Francis said, he had no objection to the paper in question, if it came officially, but that, in his opinion, it would be better, as of course it would yield more satisfaction, from the present information, to call Sir Elijah to the bar. This being assented to, the House for some moments waited his appearance.

### PRINCESS OF OUDE.

Mr Sheridan rose, and, after a pertinent intro-

duction concerning the progress of the impeachment, and the various illustrations which had been shown by way of evidence, entered very fully into the transactions of Oude, and the oppression and cruelty exhibited against the Munny Begums, or Princesses of the country. He said, that the evidence was so clearly in favour of the cause which he meant to espouse, that he might, if necessary, rest contented with the single confession of Mr Hastings himself. He took notice of the origin and grounds of the most inhuman of all transactions, by relating, according to the faithful page of history, the condition of the Nabob of Oude, and the manner in which he became a dependant and vassal of the East India Company. He insisted that Mr Hastings was the detestable cause of that speculation, plunder, rapine, confusion, and murder, which had been felt by the innocent Princesses of Oude, and their peaceable subjects; and that the Nabob himself, after the extortion and payment of immense sums to Mr Hastings, amounting to upwards of 630,000*l.* sterling, had been compelled, by the said Mr Hastings, contrary to every idea of justice and humanity, to turn his arms against his harmless mother and grandmother, and force them to surrender their liberty and wealth to the insatiable disposition of Mr Hastings. He observed, that no person but Mr Hastings would have dared to come to the bar of the House of Commons, and argue upon the plea of his innocence: That his justification, however specious and plausible, could expiate his guilt: That he knew of no crime of which he was not capable; and that every horrid deed, at which mankind must shudder, might be ascribed to him, as he had, in direct violation of a treaty, and to the immortal prejudice and disgrace of the British name, been guilty of acts of barbarity, at the bare recital of which, posterity would look back with wonder and abhorrence. With regard to the idea of exterminating the English, Mr Sheridan clearly demonstrated, that no such thing ever existed; and, for the truth of the assertion, he appealed to the evidence of Mr Middleton and Sir Elijah Impey. He ridiculed the pretext of Sir Elijah Impey undertaking a journey of 900 miles as a trifling airing, to relieve his constitution; and called upon many gentlemen who heard him to declare, whether or not he, who had been sent out to India, under the sanction of his Majesty as Chief Justice of Bengal, had not, in the most wanton manner, brought an indelible stigma upon the British character, before remarkable all over the world for justice and humanity. The arguments used by Mr Hastings in his Defence, that he had, at the time alluded to, only two resources left him, might be compared with the similar conduct of a highwayman, who, as an apology for his assaults, asserted, that he had only the two resources of Bagshot and Blackheath left him.—Some gentlemen celebrated in strong language Mr Hastings's greatness of mind. He wished to know how they could substantiate such a character. Was it by his speculation, plunder, and murder? Was it by a multiplicity of bad actions? Was it by rearing a bloody sceptre in one hand, and acting the part of a pick-pocket with the other? He concluded, by calling upon the members of the House to discharge that duty incumbent upon them, as men of feeling—to unite with Providence as it were—in revenging the cause of the injured—and to make the Heavens echo across the ocean the justice, equity, and humanity of the British nation. He then moved in substance as follows:—That the Committee, from a consideration of the facts represented in the fourth charge, are of opinion, that there are sufficient grounds for believing Mr Hastings guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors.

[Mr Sheridan, during a speech of five hours and forty minutes, was listened to with the greatest attention; and, when he sat down, the House adopted a mark of approbation entirely new, by applauding him with thundering claps of their hands.]  
Mr Francis seconded the motion.  
Mr Burgess acknowledged that he had not heard such an exhibition of genius as he heard this night from the Hon. Gentleman. Notwithstanding all he had heard, he thought it would still be dauntless not to avow his sentiments, which were in favour of Mr Hastings. He said, he should a plain unvarnished tale unfold, which, he trusted, would counteract the impression made by the Hon. Gentleman.—He then went into a long uninteresting examination of the tenth report of the Select Committee, and observed, that it was no longer to be considered as the report of the House of Commons, because it was published and circulated by Mr Debrett.

### MOTION OF ADJOURNMENT.

Sir William Dolben observed, that, from various circumstances, it was impossible that the present debate could be concluded to night; and therefore he would move, that it be adjourned till to-morrow.

Mr Fox was utterly against an adjournment, and for this plain reason, that it was an adjournment without any reason. It was late, but the question was interesting, and this was not the first time the House had sat all night.

Major Stanhope was clearly for adjournment. He was so much convinced by the eloquence of the Hon. Gentleman, that his relinquishing his present impressions must be next to a miracle. All, therefore, he asked, was fair play, and he being satisfied in some degree from what he heard, he was anxious to hear what could be said on the other side. On this account he wished for an adjournment.

Mr Taylor rose as an independent man, and would withstand any power, or any argument for an adjournment that could be used. This was the time to press the argument on the other side, if any thing on that side, after what had so agitated, alarmed, and he would add, enlightened the Committee, could wear the face of argument. But if the Committee were to adjourn, he begged to know for what reason. It was to this point he adhered, and still satisfied on this, he would resist the motion of adjournment.

Major Scott avowed his readiness to enter now on the argument. To be sure the speech of the Right

Hon. Gentleman was astonishing beyond any example of eloquence in modern times. But he was prepared to contest the matter. And he would assert, that the Hon. Gentleman had very unfairly omitted a most important part of Col. Hannay's evidence. He was going on at the call of the Committee, when

Mr Chancellor Pitt owned that the speech of the Hon. Gentleman had every thing of genius, of eloquence, and of human ingenuity, that could agitate and control the hearts of men. That such was this extraordinary exertion, that Gentlemen wished to be at liberty to recollect themselves, and to judge without the charm or fascination which at present seized them. And he could not but think the Right Hon. Gentleman, Mr Fox, paid but an inadequate compliment to the eloquence of his friend, in supposing that the jealousy it occasioned, or the impression it made, would be affected or lessened by an adjournment. He should rather apprehend the direct reverse. On this account he wished for a few moments leisure more than the present debate would allow, even to recover from the fatigue of attention, as well as the consternation which so superlative a blaze of oratory occasioned. Whatever his opinion on the question before the Committee was, he would not now anticipate it.—But whenever an opportunity occurred, which he should think it his duty to embrace for delivering his opinion, he should certainly occupy a considerable part of their time. For this, as well as for many other reasons, he could not help wishing for the adjournment of four and twenty hours.

Mr Fox just thought the contrary, and asked the Right Hon. Gentleman, whether, after he had made a strong speech, he should wish to adjourn before the House came to a conclusion on the subject of it?

Mr Wilberforce thought for the adjournment, and blamed Mr Fox for his asperity to Mr Pitt.

Mr Fox denied that he had used any asperity; but was sorry to observe, that the Hon. Gentleman was in the habit of misconstruing every thing that was not the grossest flattery to his Right Honourable friend, as invective.

Mr Sheridan insisted, that he had read what the Hon. Gentleman, Major Scott, said he had not. And as for the motion of adjournment, the Committee could not expect he would speak on the subject.

Mr Martin said he was tired, and should go home.

Mr Matthew Montague owned he was staggered, and more than half convinced; but he wished for time to recollect himself, and to hear Mr Hastings's friends.

Mr Sheridan did not wish to put the adjournment to a question.

Mr Grenville asked if those who opposed the adjournment gave way?

Mr Sheridan said, they did. [Adjourned.]

THURSDAY, FEB. 8.

### HASTINGS'S IMPEACHMENT.

The House having resolved itself into a Committee on the charges against Warren Hastings, Esq; Mr St John in the Chair.

Mr Dempster moved that the House should be admitted to correct the evidence he had formerly delivered at the bar of the House. A conversation of course took place on this part of the business, in which Mr Dempster, Mr Francis, Mr Dundas, Mr Alderman Townshend, and Mr Solicitor-General were the speakers. It was, however, determined not to admit him, and the motion being withdrawn.

Sir William Dolben rose to exculpate himself from the charge of acting under any improper motive, in having last night moved the adjournment. He thought too much deliberation could not be given to a question, which involved the character of an individual who had sustained one of the most important situations in the service of his country, and that of national justice, national humanity, and national faith. These were his motives, and they were such as he should endeavour not to lose sight of in the discharge of his public duty.

Mr Fox assured the Committee, and the Hon. Gentleman, that he certainly had given no such gloss to his conduct as this species of insinuation seemed to imply. He spoke merely of the construction such an adjournment would bear to the eyes of an impartial public; that was his opinion when he delivered it, and he had not heard any thing which occasioned him to exchange it for another.

Major Scott spoke in a high tone, and declared that Mr Hastings was a persecuted man; that every method had been adopted to blacken and traduce his character. He then insisted at great length, on all our national disasters, particularly those of the late war, which he contrasted with the advantages derived to the public from the vigour, wisdom, and success of Mr Hastings's administration. His speech embraced an infinite variety both of statement and point. He attacked the majority of the Board, during the lives of Col. Monson and Gen. Clavering, and shewed the constant minority in which Mr Hastings was left; that though Governor General, he was certainly divested of all responsibility until the death of Col. Monson. He referred to several minutes of the Board, and various other documents, in which he contended, that the papers read in evidence by the Hon. Gentleman, Mr Sheridan, in the course of his speech last night, were not fairly quoted, but garbled, with a view to accommodate his preconceived opinions. He then addressed himself to the honour, the candour, and the virtue of the British Parliament, and intreated them to beware of returning evil for good, and consigning those to disgrace by whom the country has been saved and is adorned. He concluded also with assuring them, that whatever might be the decision of this night, however they may treat this great, this worthy, but injured man, his virtues, his conscious rectitude, the recollection of what he had done, the grateful prospect of a permanent and well-earned fame, were all his own. These were the rewards of having performed his duty; they were substantial, and all that could be inflicted by power, or supported by patience, could not now

disappoint him of their enjoyment. He should vote against the resolution moved.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer rose, he said, to give his sentiments on this great and solemn question. And notwithstanding all he had heard, he was willing to assure the Committee, that he would now deliver his opinion in a manner more agreeable to himself at least, and more consonant to his own conscience, than he could possibly have done under the very unusual impression which the speech of the Hon. Gentleman who opened the question had made on his mind. He trusted that he should now possess that command of temper, clearness of judgment, and impartiality of attention, which a charge at once complicated, solemn, and interesting, so eminently required. It was a point which bore on the credit of the country, and the character of individuals who filled the highest and most responsible stations in the state. It challenged the interference of Parliament, and demanded an immediate and unequivocal decision. It was under these circumstances that he had found it pressing on his mind. He had now heard the argument in the detail on both sides. No pains had been spared on his part to acquire a competent idea of the subject. He had viewed it on all sides, and was not soon or easily determined on what ground to establish his opinions. This he had matured by the attention which he gave to the mass of information laid before the Committee, by conversation with those who had been advanced by the several gentlemen who had already declared their sentiments to the Committee; and having put every thing together which occurred to him in this important and complicated investigation, he made no scruple of declaring that he should agree with the resolution of the Committee. This judgment he had formed by what occurred to him, from a deliberate consideration of the various evidence adduced. But he did not admit the whole of the charges; the mode of reasoning adopted by the Hon. Gentleman last night seemed to insinuate or suggest, that whatever was extraneous in them was abandoned. And he assured the Committee, that enough of criminality still remained. He attached the blame which he thought due to the conduct of Mr Hastings, chiefly to his resumption of the jaghires, and the consequent seizure of the Begums' treasure. It mattered not, in his opinion, how the Begums got possession of this species of property. It was property guaranteed by us. The faith of the nation was pledged to preserve and defend it against all attempts of violation and outrage. And the representatives of the East India Company, entrusted with the British Government in these parts, would have acted a very culpable part to have suffered any depredation in that which they were then bound in honour to protect. He then went into a very able and minute argument to shew how far Government might interfere with private property, when the necessities of the state could be sustained as a plea or justification.

Mr Sheridan confessed, that he felt very agreeable sensations from the decision which appeared would soon follow the question now before them. He returned the House the most cordial thanks for the great mark of their esteem bestowed upon his exertions of last night; but he begged for a further indulgence on the present occasion, promising that he would delay them until the next morning. He then observed, that he would never forget the impartiality which appeared among the majority of those who heard him, and was particularly happy that their hearts were open to the cries of injured innocence. He congratulated the House—he congratulated the country, on the manly and unequivocal part which the Right Honourable Gentleman (Mr Pitt) acted, and was convinced, that however they might widely differ in their general line of politics, there was such an abundance of candour, rectitude, and integrity, in the Right Hon. Gentleman's heart, as to spurn all party jars and prejudices, when the cause of humanity and unprovoked oppression demanded his voice.—Any person who felt for the aggregate character of the House—any person who gloried in the name of Britain, must rejoice that the Minister of this country possessed a mind which never gained acts of barbarity, and deeds of the most black and diabolical description. He saw no way of obtaining justice, but by coming to a fair and open trial before the House of Lords; and if Mr Hastings, at that tribunal, should be declared innocent, it would be unfair to persecute him without doors; and he hoped Gentlemen would not be actuated by such motives. "It is upon that ground we are to decide, it is upon that ground we are to establish our characters as an impartial British senate."

The Solicitor General dissented from the resolution about to be passed; and gave as his reason, that Mr Hastings had performed great, essential, and lasting services to the empire.

Mr Vanfittart defended Mr Hastings.

Mr Alderman Townshend spoke to order.

Mr Fox approved in high terms of Mr Pitt's conduct. With regard to Mr Hastings, he reprobated him for concealing his intentions from the Court of Directors, and misleading them: He thought the concealment of an immense sum, and the restoration of it afterwards to the Court of Directors, when he found it could not be any longer concealed; and the request of 100,000*l.* as small equivalent for his services, crimes of great enormity.

Mr Dempster, Mr Le Mesurier, and Mr Smith bestowed high encomiums on Mr Hastings, and defended his actions; and Mr Drake spoke frequently to order. The Committee then divided on the resolution.—That, from a consideration of the fourth charge, there is a sufficient ground to believe Mr Hastings guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors—

Ayes, — 175  
Noes, — 63

Consequently Mr Hastings's will be tried before the House of Lords, on the grounds mentioned.

### FRENCH TREATY.

A very short conversation ensued between Mr Fox and Mr Pitt concerning the propriety of moving for certain papers, relative to the trade in



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Portugal, on Monday, which Mr Pitt opposed, as it would occasion a delay of the discussion appointed for that day. Mr Fox will therefore make his motion to-morrow.

FRIDAY, FEB. 9.

Received and read several petitions for bringing in private bills.

RENFREWSHIRE.

Mr Adam received his complaint against the returning officer for the county of Renfrew. He said that his conduct in delaying to call a meeting for the purpose of a new election, was a gross and scandalous breach of parliamentary privilege. After concluding very warmly and fully into the subject, he concluded by moving, that the returning officer for the county of Renfrew be ordered to attend at the bar of the House to answer for his conduct.

Sir Adam Ferguson, Mr Hamilton, and Mr Dundas, opposed the motion, the latter of whom proposed, that the future consideration of it should be postponed till the 3d of April; which was agreed to.

SIR ELIJAH IMPEY.

Sir Gilbert Elliot, who was a member of the Committee of Secrecy, commonly called Mr Dundas's Committee, gave notice, that he would, on the first open day, submit to the House a motion concerning the conduct of Sir Elijah Impey.

IMPEACHMENT.

Mr Burke gave notice of his next charge against Mr Hastings.

PORTUGAL.

Mr Fox did not mean to encroach on the time of the House, in the motion he was about to make. The House was in possession of his sentiments on the points to which he now called their attention. He still thought, as he had always and uniformly done, that we could not treat decisively with France, while a negotiation to the same effect depended with the court of Lisbon. He moved accordingly, that a copy of all the instructions to our different ambassadors at the Court of Lisbon, concerning the complaints of British Merchants, from the year 1782, be laid upon the table.

Sir Grey Cooper seconded the motion; and observed, that there was some danger from our present treatment of the Portuguese, that we might lose their friendship, and the influence of their resentment, which took place in the reign of Charles the Second.

Mr Beaufoy did not see that the Treaty with one country had any connection with that of the other, as he was very certain Great Britain would afford a ready and profitable market for the wines of both.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer was totally against the motion. He agreed entirely with the reason of his Hon. Friend Mr Beaufoy. It was a fact which could not be contested, that we had literally fulfilled the conditions of the Methuen Treaty; that we now put it in the option of Portugal to continue her connection with this country. The wisdom of her administration, the policy which it was her interest to prefer, and the friendly disposition her counsels discovered towards this country, were grounds of expectation that she would not rashly adopt any measures inimical to our old and established intercourse.

But even supposing the world, and that the Methuen Treaty should be completely relinquished, he wished to know by what means this country was at all bound to make any other advances than the proposition now pending. Still less, he would say, was she under any obligation whatever to suspend all manner of negotiation with other courts, in compliance to that of Portugal. Our conduct with France was, at all events, not to be circumscribed from our connection, be it as ancient as it might with Portugal. It became us, in transacting with other nations, to assert the dignity of the country, and to conduct ourselves as a great and independent people. On these accounts, he should give his negative to the motion of the Right Hon. Gentleman.

Mr Fox rose to explain.

The question was then put, and negatived without a division.—Adjourned.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, Feb. 10.

Whitehall, Jan. 26.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint Sir James Eyre, Knight, Chief Baron of his Majesty's Exchequer, on the surrender of Sir John Jenner, Knight, late Chief Baron.

St James's, Feb. 7. The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on Alexander Thomson of Lincoln's Inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

St James's, Feb. 9. The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on Nath Grose, one of his Majesty's Serjeants at Law.

Whitehall, Feb. 9. The King having been pleased to order writs, commanding Sir Alex. Thomson of Lincoln's Inn, in the county of Middlesex, Knight, Simon Le Blanc, and Soulden Lawrence, both of the Inner Temple, London, Esquires, to take upon them the state and degree of Serjeants at Law, they this day appeared at the Bar of the Court of Chancery, where their writs being read, the usual oaths were administered to them, and they afterwards went through the other usual ceremonies in the Court of Common Pleas.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint Sir Nath Grose, Knight, one of his Majesty's Serjeants at Law, to be one of his Majesty's Justices assigned to hold Pleas before the King himself.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint Sir Alexander Thomson, Knight, Serjeant at Law, to be one of the Barons of his Majesty's Exchequer.

St James's, Feb. 10. The King has been pleased to appoint Francis Barker, Esq; to be Clerk of the Cheque of the Yeomen of his Majesty's Guard.

WHITEHALL, Feb. 9. 1787.

WHEREAS it has been humbly represented to the King, that on the night between the 3d and 4th instant, some evil disposed person or persons unknown, burglariously broke into, and entered the Counting-house and Parlour adjoining Messrs Allan, Stewart, and Company, merchants of London, and proceeded to force open two desks in the said Counting-house, when not finding any money therein, they carried several articles of the Furniture, and made their escape.

This Majesty, for the better apprehending and bringing to justice the persons concerned in the burglary and outrage above-mentioned, is hereby pleased to promise his most gracious pardon to any one of them, (except the person who first broke into the said Counting-house and Parlour) who shall discover his accomplices or accomplices therein, so that he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

BY ORDER.

And, as a further encouragement, the reward of FIFTY POUNDS is hereby offered to any person making such discovery as above-mentioned (except as is before excepted) to be paid by Messrs Allan, Stewart, and Company, upon the conviction of any one or more of the offenders.

LLOYD'S LIST.

THE Fisher, Clark, from Liverpool to Africa, was well the 30th ult. off the Old Head of Kinsale.

By the last accounts from Bombay, the Nra. Sra. de Bomfim, De Britta, had put into Trinquevala to repair some damages she had received in a gale of wind, and would sail for Lisbon as soon as her water could be got on board.

The Virginia, Pafmore, arrived at Portsmouth, sailed from Georgia in company with the Georgia Packet, for L'Orient, and parted in a gale of wind off the banks of Newfoundland.

The Charlotte, Kidd, from London to Halifax, is forced into Nassau in New Providence in distress.

The Baton Rouge, Ewing, from Jamaica to New Orleans, is totally lost on the coast of Cuba.

The Mira, Withers, is gone to pieces at Cadiz.

The following ships were driven on shore on the 13th and 13th of January, on the coast of Spain, near Cadiz, in a gale of wind at S. by S. W. The John and Mary, How, from Yarmouth to Genoa; cargo expected to be saved. Neptune, Dismay, from ditto to Leghorn; ship and cargo expected to be saved. Les Playades, Blanchet, from Bilbao to Cadiz.

L'Amadee Theodore, Doncet, from Cherbourg to Alicante, in ballast. A Swedish brig, from Rotten to Marfilles. The Severer, Traper, from Rotterdam to Seville; Captain, five men, and a boy-drowned. The Maria, Krog, from Norway to Genoa; without hopes of saving any part of the cargo. The Barbara, Jurgenson, from Hamburg to Cadiz; cargo expected to be saved.

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The House of Commons, yesterday, in a Committee of Supply, came to the following Resolutions, viz.

"That 648,687 l. 1 s. 4 d. be granted for the charge of 17,638 men for guards and garrisons for the year 1787.—234,628 l. 18 s. 5 d. for the force in the plantations.—6,834 l. 19 s. 2 d. for the difference between the British and Irish establishment of troops serving abroad.—6,409 l. 8 s. for the charge of General and General Staff Officers.—23,110 l. 12 s. 6 d. for the charge of full pay to supernumerary officers.—82,301 l. 8 s. 74 d. for the pay necessary to be advanced to troops serving in India.—59,253 l. 12 s. 1 d. for allowances to the Paymaster General, Secretary at War, Commissary General of the Musters, &c. &c.—328,576 l. for the charge of the Office of Ordnance for land-service for 1787."—To be reported on Monday.

The Committees of Supply, and Ways and Means are appointed for Monday.

The House of Commons, yesterday, in a Committee on the British Fishery act of last year, came to the following Resolution:

"That the bounty granted by the said act to certain vessels built after the 1st of January 1780, be extended to all vessels built in Great Britain, and employed in the said fishery."—To be reported on Monday.

The next question against Mr Hastings is not yet absolutely settled; but it is believed it will be founded on the charge of accepting presents from the native Princes, which it is alleged he did, contrary to the direct instructions of the Company, and that to an enormous amount. On Friday next the question is to be moved.

Whatever may be the fate of the other charges against Warren Hastings, it is now settled that he shall be impeached. The two articles on which the House have given their voice are sufficient to ground the impeachment, and it was so understood in the House; for the Solicitor General said, that he would vote against him on the particular question of the Begums, provided he should not be understood as thereby pledged to the general vote of an impeachment; but learning from the Chancellor of the Exchequer, that if the question of the Begums was carried, the impeachment must follow, the Solicitor General voted in the minority.

This morning the Lottery wheels, under the escort of a party of horse grenadier guards, were conveyed to Guildhall, preparatory to the drawing, which commences on Monday next.

The contempt for which Mr Bowes was committed to the Court of King's Bench was taken off on Thursday morning, on the motion of Mr Erskine. It had been previously argued, before the Master of the Crown-office, on Wednesday evening, on a reference from the Court. Mr Law exerted himself greatly to establish the contempt, and Mr Erskine displayed the energies of his eloquence to overturn it, and they succeeded. The Master reported, that Mr Bowes had not been guilty of contempt, and the Court accordingly ordered him to be discharged. This is a favourable prognostic to Mr Bowes, and will probably be followed by other matters of triumph to him.

Wednesday a General Court of Proprietors was held at the East India House, Leadenhall-street, to consider of the powers lately assumed by the Board of Control over the Directors, being summoned at the desire of nine Proprietors.

The Court was, when it first met, very full, and the debate continued for upwards of three hours; about two of which were taken up by Mr Adair, who was exceedingly warm against the Board, whose conduct he described as highly unconstitutional, and contrary to the spirit and meaning of the Acts of Parliament which have been at any time passed for the government of India. He was supported generally by Mr Tiernay.

Mr Jackson opposed the argument of the above two gentlemen, insisting that the Board had only acted with a becoming spirit, which could not be attributed to any wrong intention.

A variety of papers were called for and read; among which were the opinions of the Company's standing Counsel, and the Attorney and Solicitor General.

The Court, about three o'clock, becoming very thin, it was proposed, That a Committee of Directors and Proprietors be appointed to consider of, and examine records, in order to determine the

full power of the Board under the late Act of Parliament.

It being suggested as improper to put such a question, when so few Proprietors were present, it was resolved to take a ballot on it this day to-morrow, and the Court adjourned.

A meeting of shop-keepers was held on Wednesday at Guildhall, for the purpose of receiving the reports of their Committee, and to confer with the members of the House of Commons, who had been requested to attend, on some measure to obtain relief from the shop-tax.

The Hall was full by twelve o'clock, the hour proposed in the advertisement for the chairman to take the chair. But it was not far distant from one, when the Committee and the other respectable personages appeared in their places.

Mr Jennings, in absence of Alderman Skinner, who was confined through indisposition, being seated in the chair Mr Stock read many resolutions of the Committee, and prefaced them with very pertinent and judicious remarks, which were agreed to unanimously, and ordered to be printed. When the resolution was read, that the Right Hon. Charles James Fox be requested to move for a repeal of the shop-tax, in behalf of the citizens of London and Westminster, &c. the loudest acclamations and huzzas prevailed on every side of the hall, and continued for a long time.

Mr Fox came forward and said, that he should think himself wanting in respect and gratitude, if, after such flattering distinction, he should fail to show a due and proper acknowledgement. The honour they had done him that day, in fixing on him to speak in their behalf, deserved his warmest thanks. Sensible of which, and the trust they had confided in him, he should use every exertion in his power to attain the proposed end—a repeal of a burthen- some, partial, and oppressive tax.

When Mr Fox had finished a speech of considerable length, during the whole of which the strictest silence and attention were shewn, he was applauded from every side of the Hall with unremitting ardour.

After the several members had spoken, and the resolutions had passed, thanks were given to the Members of the city of London and of Westminster—to the country of Middlesex and the borough of Southwark—likewise to the Alderman Skinner, and to the Chairman. The meeting then broke up.

There were present more than six thousand shop-keepers.

PRICE OF STOCKS, FEB. 10.

Bank Stock, 153. Ditto Bonds, 53 & 54 prem.

3 per cent. red. 74 & 75. South Sea Stock, —

3 per cent. con. 74 & 75. Old S. S. Ann. 74 & 75.

3 per cent. 1726, — New ditto, —

4 per cent. con. 94 & 95. 3 per cent. 1751, —

Navy 5 per cent. Ann. 110 & 111. New Navy, —

Bank Long Annuity, 24. Exch. Bill, —

Ditto Short 1778, 1779, 13. India Scrip, —

13-16ths. Ditto 4 per cent. —

India Stock, — Lottery Tickets, 16 l. 3 s.

Ditto Ann. — Consols for Feb. 75 & 76.

WIND AT DEAL, Feb. 8. S. S. W.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Feb. 10.

"I was in the gallery of the House of Commons on Wednesday last. Nothing is talked of here at present but Mr Sheridan's appearance in the case of Mr Hastings. Indeed, it was such as I believe never was equalled in ancient or modern times. The candour, the manliness, the ability, the oratory he displayed on the occasion, is beyond all description. The power of no language but his own can give you an idea of it. He seemed to carry the whole House along with him while he spoke; and, to say truth, I observed the members listening to him with equal admiration and attention. You may judge what it must have been when even Mr Pitt declared, 'He had never heard such a speech delivered in that House. He said, it had all the genius, all the persuasion, all the ingenuity, all the force, that could agitate or control the hearts of men!'"

Mr Sheridan having finished his speech, the House remained in silent astonishment for some seconds, when all at once an universal plaudit was heard from both sides of the House. In short, the Senate thundered with applause. It has rescued Burke from the charge of malignity, and gained Sheridan immortal honour.

"But what more than all excites the surprise of the public is, what could be the motives of those who voted against the question, and who thereby declared, that Mr Hastings had not plundered and robbed the Princesses of Oude, the proof of which was so clearly, as well as ably made out by Mr Sheridan, as to leave the warmest partisans of Mr Hastings without attempting a single word in his defence."

"All wonderful and fascinating as the powers of Mr Sheridan are so justly allowed to be, it is confidently whispered, that it was not on that account the minister agreed to adjourn the debate, so much as to gain time for consulting those for whose opinion he entertains a greater respect than his own, on the propriety of his voting for the question. The result of the consultation is easily to be deduced from the conduct he has observed on the occasion."

"Sir Nath Grose, and Sir Alexander Thomson, this morning, made their appearance in their respective Courts in Westminster Hall; the latter as the New Baron of the Exchequer, and the former as the New Judge of the Court of King's Bench. This latter Gentleman is pronounced to rank amongst the foremost lawyers at the bar."

"Monday next is expected to produce, in the House of Commons, a very long and interesting debate on the Commercial Treaty, Mr Pitt continuing in the chair, he was, for moving the consideration of it, and the friends of both sides being particularly summoned on the occasion."

Yesterday was married, the Rev. Mr John Bowyer, minister at Old Monkland, to Miss Margaret Hamilton, daughter of John Hamilton, Esq; of Canthamlock.

Died, at his house in Leith, the 12th instant, Major Henry Balfour. It is requested that his

friends and relations will accept of this notification of his death.

We are informed, that at a very full and respectable meeting of the Grand Lodge of Free Masons of Scotland, upon a visit to the Lodge of St Stephen's yesterday, Francis Charteris, Esq; Grand Master, announced to the Brethren, that his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales had lately honoured the Fraternity by becoming a member of their ancient and humane order. This intelligence was received by the assembled Brethren with the warmest indications of pleasure and applause. The respect the Brethren testified for their worthy Grand Master, could only be equalled by the feelings of their hearts on so great and distinguished an acquisition to a society of men, who chiefly boast of possessing collectively, those virtuous principles which their Royal Brother exhibits as a private individual. The Free Masons of Scotland could not help observing with exultation, that as their Royal Brother had now stood forth the chief corner stone of Masonry, he would become in the hearts and wishes of his Father's people, the cement of the three united kingdoms.

The Margaret and Ann, Alexander Comb master, is arrived at Leith from London.

Yesterday came on before the High Court of Justiciary, the trial of John Reid, late servant to James Stewart, farmer at North Platt, indicted for the murder of a male child about nine months old, (which had been born to him in adultery, and which he had prevailed upon the mother to deliver into his custody in the month of December last), by drowning it in a ditch or pond near the village of Ratho-byres. The proof was concluded about one o'clock, when the jury were addressed on the part of the prosecutor by his Majesty's Advocate, and on the part of the pannel by Mr Charles Hope, advocate; and, lastly, the evidence was summed up, and the jury charged by the Lord Justice Clerk. They were then inclosed, and ordered to return their verdict this day at half past ten o'clock, which they accordingly did, all in one voice finding the pannel GUILTY.

The Court, therefore, pronounced sentence, ordaining him to be carried back to prison, and there fed on bread and water, till Wednesday the 21st of March next, when he is to be hanged at the usual place of execution, and afterwards to be publicly dissected.

Wednesday night, a gentleman was thrown from his horse, near Shettleston, and his foot unfortunately sticking in the stirrup, was dragged along for some time, by which means one of his legs was broke, and his skull fractured in three places. He died next day.

Thursday the following melancholy accident happened at the Broomielaw:—A sloop coming in very quickly, the wind being high, the bowsprit struck a man on the quay with such violence on the head, that he was instantly killed on the spot.

Anecdote of Mr Sheridan.—After Mr Sheridan's famous speech upon the fortifications, Mr Rigby talking of him next day said, "always thought Sheridan one of the cleverest fellows in the age, and now I am convinced of it; for last night he was amusing, entertaining, and instructing the whole city of London." The School for Scandal was performing at Drury Lane—the Duenna at Covent Garden—and he himself making a most admirable speech in St Stephen's Chapel, upon the fortifications, all to crowded audiences.

HORNSBY and CO. whose established reputation makes them infinitely superior to any devices that may be practised to injure it, request their country correspondents to give particular attention to this declaration, that no acts of parliament shall ever interfere with their obligation to their friends and customers, whatever reports may be circulated with regard to their plans in consequence of any new act: HORNSBY and CO. thus decidedly declaring, that they shall be, at all times, ready, throughout the Lottery, to make good every engagement with their country customers, and to pay every demand they may have for prizes drawn, the moment the event is known.

HORNSBY and CO. continue selling, (warranted undrawn at the time of purchasing), during the whole time of the drawing of the present English State Lottery, their beneficial Chances, at One Guinea, Half-a-Guinea, and Five Shillings and Sixpence, which are rendered unquestionably secure, by having 2000 Lottery-Tickets locked up in their banker's hands.

REPORT of the Quantities of Meal brought into the Meal Market of Edinburgh, with the Prices at which it sold, Feb. 13. 1787.

Lothian oat-meal, 75 1/2 bolls. South Country ditto, 203 1/2 bolls.

Best Lothian oat-meal sold at 15 1/2. Second ditto, 15 0. Third ditto, 14 6. Best South Country ditto, 14 0. Second ditto, 13 9. Third ditto, 13 6. Best meal sold by retail at 10 0. Second ditto, 9 11. Third ditto, 9 6. per peck.

State of the Thermometer since our last: THERMOMETER.

Saturday, Feb. 10. 8 o'clock, P. M. 40. Sunday, — 11. 8 — A. M. 38. — 8 — P. M. 39.

Monday, — 12. 8 — A. M. 36. — 8 — P. M. 44. Tuesday, — 13. 8 — A. M. 36.

ARRIVED AT LEITH. Feb. 12. Lark, A. J. from Stockton, with cheese. Ann, Malon, from Leghorn, with goods.

And several vessels from different ports with grain. ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH. Feb. 6. Peggy, Brown, from Dundee, with barley.

12. Sisters, Aikman, from London, with goods. And several vessels, from different Ports, with grain.

AT BORROWSTOUNNESS—FOR LONDON, THE UNITY.

JAMES GRINDLAY Master. Now taking in goods at the birth in Borrowstounness harbour, and will sail on Tuesday the 13th instant, wind and weather permitting.

N. B. The above ship has excellent accommodation for passengers, who may depend on good usage.

Image of a ship.



## NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ALEXANDER RATTRAY, Distiller and Spirit Dealer at Sauchiehall or West Plain. THAT upon the application of the said Alexander Rattray, with concurrence of Charles Rattray and Sons, manufacturers in Bannockburn, his creditors, the Lords of Council and Session, upon the 20th current, sequestrated the whole real and personal estate of the said Alexander Rattray, wherever situated; and appointed his creditors to meet at Stirling, within the house of James Christie Innkeeper there, on Monday next, the 19th current, at twelve o'clock noon, to name an interim factor upon his said sequestrated estate.

Of which sequestration this intimation is now made in terms of the statute of the 23d of his present Majesty, and the order of Court; and the creditors of the said Alexander Rattray are hereby required to meet by themselves, or their doers properly authorized, time and place foretold; and to bring with them the vouchers of their debts, with oaths of verity thereon.

## NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ANGUS SHAW, Merchant in Inverness.

THAT the Court of Session having sequestrated the said Angus Shaw's Estate, real and personal, his creditors at a meeting on the 7th current, made choice of Alexander Macpherson, writer in Inverness, as interim factor, and appointed their next general meeting to be held in the house of George Beverley, vintner in Inverness, upon the 28th of March next, in order to choose a Trustee. And the factor having applied to the Sheriff of the county, for examining the said Angus Shaw and his family, in terms of the statute, he appointed Saturday the 17th current, and the three following Saturdays for that purpose, within the Sheriff-clerk's office at Inverness, whereof all concerned are hereby required to take notice. ALEXANDER MACPHERSON.

INVERNESS, 9th Feb. 1787.

**THE Creditors of WALTER REID,** Shipmaster in North Berwick, are desired to meet within the house of Mr John Lorimer innkeeper in Dunbar, upon Thursday the 23d day of February current, at twelve o'clock noon, when a state of the claims against, and the funds of the said Walter Reid, under the management of the Trustee appointed by them for his creditors, will be laid before them. Not to be repeated.

## Notice to Creditors.

IT is requested of all those who are Creditors to JOHN LEGGATE, Maltster at New Mills of Tullibody, who hold bills upon which his name stands, either as acceptor, drawer, or indorser, and who have any other claims whatever against him, that they meet by themselves, or doers, in the house of Mrs Haig, vintner in Alloa, upon Tuesday 20th February current, by twelve o'clock noon; when a state of his affairs will be laid before them, and the steps to be taken for their security and payment submitted to the consideration of the meeting. Not to be repeated.

## DUNARDY'S CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of Mr M'Tavish, late of Dunardry, are informed, That a short view of his affairs in figures, and also a state of every particular debt, calculated up to Whitunday 1787, are to be seen in the hands of James Fenner, writer to the signet, the Trustee; and that if any person has any thing to object or observe, it is necessary they give it in writing, before the middle of March, when the accountant is to begin the scheme for dividing the funds at Whitunday.

The Heirs of Mr Patrick Pollock, some time minister at Afacknapdale, are desired to take notice, that although they are mentioned as creditors in the trust, for a considerable sum, yet as no claim has ever been made for them, nor proof of their debt offered, they are not included in the aforesaid view or state, and therefore will draw nothing, unless they prove their debt before the middle of March.

## A House, Shop, and Oyster House IN PRINCE'S STREET.

To be LET and entered to at Whitunday, THAT commodious HOUSE and SHOP, on the south side of Prince's Street, opposite the north west corner of the North Bridge, as at present possessed by Mr David Smith grocer.

AND ALSO, The OYSTER HOUSE immediately below the said house and shop, as at present possessed by Mr Thomas Comb, either separately or together. Apply to Mr Young writer, Kincaid's Court. Not to be repeated.

## Farm in Forfarshire to Let.

TO be LET for the space of 33 years from and after Martinmas next, the Lands of CAIRNTOUN, consisting of about 170 acres, all inclosed, partly with stone dykes. The ground is in excellent order, and at all times has a proper command of water. There is on the Farm a commodious dwelling house, fit to accommodate a general Family, with a complete set of Office-houses, mostly newly built, and all in good repair. These Lands lie on the Post-road, leading from Arbroath to Montrose, about three English miles east from Arbroath, and a like distance from the Lime-works at Boddan. For particulars, apply to David Haffour at Cairntoun. Not to be repeated.

## Sheep Farms, or Grazings, to Let.

TO LET on Lease, for any number of years that can be agreed upon, from Whitunday next, Four excellent SHEEP FARMS or GRAZINGS, viz. The Lands of SWANLETTER, RETLANDS, FERTICORY, and ALMY, lying in the country called Arisaig, along the side of Lochmorar, near the sea-coast, and county of Inverness.

These Farms are remarkably well adapted for Sheep walks, and store possessions of great extent, near the sea side, having abundance of heath and grass, and never subject to deep falls of snow, which seldom in that country remains for any time on the ground; and may be let together, or in separate lots or farms, as offerers incline; though, as the lands lie in a stretch along the side of Lochmorar and contiguous, would answer best to be let in one lot.

Any persons wishing for a lease of such grazings, may apply to Hector Macdonald at Mr Macdonald's, writer to the signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh, who will inform as to the rent and other particulars; and Donald Chisholm at Arisaig, will show the farms.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 17th July 1787, between the hours of five and six o'clock afternoon,

**MOUNIE Parts of the Lands and Barony of MOUNIE,** called *Piblain, Newcraig, Pittinon, Whitmyre, and Greenford*, lying within two miles of Old Mel-drum, in the parish of Daviot, and shire of Aberdeen. These lands lie contiguous, and contain from one thousand to twelve hundred Scots acres, all arable, besides moss, with which they are uncommonly well supplied. The present rent is about 260 l. Sterling, exclusive of a thriving plantation, of near seven acres extent.

The lands hold of the Crown; and, as much of the superiority will be given along with them as will entitle the purchaser to a vote in the county.

The articles of roup and title-deeds, with a rental, plan, and measurement, will be seen in the hands of John Mac-nab writer to the signet, Edinburgh, who will also inform as to other particulars; and the lands will be shown by George Johnston in Little Pitinon.

## By Adjournment.

## LANDS IN THE SHIRE OF FORFAR.

To be Sold by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 14th day of February 1787, at six o'clock afternoon.

## THE Lands of Mains, and Easter KIRKTON of EARLS STRATHDRY, lying within the parish of Mains and shire of Forfar, in whole or in parcels.

This estate is well situated, within less than a mile of the town of Dundee, and is let to substantial tenants. From the nature of the leases, no expense whatever during the currency can be incurred by the proprietor. The tenants are obliged to observe a proper mode of culture, and a certain and very considerable rise will take place when the leases expire.

The present neat rent of this estate, after deduction of public burdens, is 1110 l. Sterling. The property lands extend to upwards of 1020 Scots acres; there is plenty of free stone upon them; they abound in game, and a trouting water runs thro' the estate, which, besides thriving hedges, rows around most of the inclosures, has old timber growing upon it to a considerable value.

In case the estate is not sold together, it will be exposed in the following lots, viz.

LOT I.—Comprehending the Farm of Westmuir, possessed by Thomas and David Hill and Gilbert Alexander, being the whole of the above estate to the westward of the Strathmartine road, containing about 135 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent, after deduction of public burdens, 97 l. 3s. 9d. Sterling.

LOT II.—Comprehending the Farm of Wester Balgray, possessed by James Buchan, and certain Pendicles at Fairmuir, possessed by fundries, being the whole of the above estate between the foreland Strathmartine road and the road to Glamis, containing about 141 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 135 l. 5s. 4d. Sterling.

N. B. Seventeen acres of this lot are not rented, as the town of Dundee has the privilege of holding a fair once a year upon them; but even with that servitude they may be let to some advantage.

LOT III.—Comprehending the Farm of Easter Balgray, as possessed by John Ker, being that part of the estate lying between the Glamis and Forfar roads as far as the fourth march of Kirkton, containing about 207 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 102 l. 17s. 2d. Sterling.

LOT IV.—Comprehending the Lands of Kirkton, as possessed by David Patullo and James Matthew, containing about 79 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 91 l. 9s. 9d. Sterling.

N. B. The timber on this lot is valued at upwards of 150 l. Sterling.

LOT V.—Comprehending the Farm of Mains, Hill of Mains, and Corbieuch, as possessed by James Craik, James Abercromby, David Cobb, Henry Donaldson, Andrew Anderson, Gilbert Young, Robert Brown, and John Matthew. This lot includes the house and whole parks of Mains, and all that part of the estate to the south of the said parks, lying between the Forfar road and the road leading from Dundee to Mains; contains about 171 Scots acres, and yields of neat rent 208 l. 4s. 6d. Sterling.

N. B. The mill lead runs through the corner of the Mains farm in this lot; and that servitude is to be reserved to the purchaser of lot 8th, with power to cast and clear the lead.

The timber upon this lot is valued at about 300 l. Ster.

LOT VI.—Comprehending the Farms of Newmains and Founrainbuck, and Bleachfield, as possessed by James Abercromby, William Strachan, David Cobb, and John Moon, and being the remaining part of the estate to the eastward of the road leading from Dundee to Mains, and bounded by Dighty Water on the north, containing about 146 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 163 l. 12s. 4d. Sterling.

LOT VII.—Comprehending the Farm of Eastmains, as possessed by David Dick, and pendicle called Bridgend, possessed by Patrick Cooper, and being the whole of the estate to the northward of the Water of Dighty, except the farm of Mill of Mains, and a small part of James Speid's possession in the next lot, containing about 207 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 147 l. 16s. 4d. Sterling.

LOT VIII.—Comprehending the farm of Mill of Mains, the Oil-mill, James Speid's Mill, and lands contiguous thereto, as possessed by Andrew Teinder, John Mathieson's heirs, David Dick, James Speid, and Mr Gilson, containing about 61 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 99 l. 12s. 10d. Sterling.

N. B. This lot contains the most eligible situation for a manufacture in all the vicinity of Dundee, and commands a great length of fall on the Water of Dighty, which may be applied to great advantage in every manufacture where water engines are of use. There is a quarry in this lot, which is to be reserved, and made common to all the foregoing lots.

LOT IX.—Comprehending the Superiority of the lands of Longhaugh, and of the Mills belonging to the town of Dundee, which yield a feu-duty of 41 l. 13s. 8d. Sterling.

Intending purchasers may give in offers for the whole estate, or any of the lots, to Mr Farquharson, accountant in Edinburgh, or to Mr Erskine, clerk to the signet, with whom the progress of writs, rentals, and plans of the estate, are lodged, and who have power to sell by private bargain. David Cobb, tenant at Newmains, will show the grounds.

## Judicial Sale of Lands,

In the Stewartry of Kirkcubright, and shire of Wigton.

TO be exposed to public roup, under authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 7th March next, at five o'clock afternoon;

LOT I. The Lands of CAIROCH, CRAIGLOUR, and BLACKMARK, lying in the parish of Dalry, and Stewartry of Kirkcubright. The free proven rent whereof is L. 97 : 4 : 5 12ths. To be exposed at the upset price of L. 233 : 6 : 8. The valued rent of these lands is L. 175 Scots.

LOT II. The Lands of FINGLAND, lying in the said parish and shire, the free proven rent whereof is L. 70 : 4 : 5 4-12ths. To be exposed at the upset price of L. 168 : 5 : 8. The valued rent of these lands is L. 225 Scots.

LOT III. The Lands of CORNHARROW and LITTLE CORLAE, with the superiority of the third part of KNOCKSTING, lying in the said parish and shire. The proven rent of the property lands is L. 43 : 2 : 10 8-12ths; and the whole to be exposed at the upset price of L. 1035 : 9 : 4 d. The valued rent of these lands is L. 203 : 6 : 8.

All the above lands are held blench of the Crown.

## LANDS IN THE SHIRE OF WIGTON.

LOT IV. The Lands of CULMALZIE and KIRRY-BRYNE, lying in the parish of Kirkcubright, with the superiority of the 40 filling land of old extent of OCHEL-TREE, lying in the parish of Pennington. The free yearly rent of the property lands is proven to be L. 137 : 6 : 3 8-12ths; and the whole to be exposed at the upset price of L. 329 : 11 : 4. The valued rent of these lands is L. 273 : 18 : 8 d. Scots.

LOT V. The Lands of AIRLIES, lying in the said parish of Kirkcubright, the free proven rent whereof is L. 33 : 14 : 1 4-12ths. To be exposed at the upset price of L. 808 : 18 : 8. The valued rent of this farm is L. 76 : 16 : 0 Scots.

LOT VI. The Lands of ALTICRY, lying in the parish of Mochrum, the free proven rent whereof is L. 43 : 2 : 11 10-12ths. To be exposed at the upset price of L. 1035 : 11 : 8 d. The valued rent of this farm is L. 95 Scots.

The above lands hold blench or feu of the Crown.

The title-deeds and articles of roup may be seen in the hands of Mr George Kirkpatrick, depute-clerk of session. For particulars, apply to Archibald Tod, writer to the signet, agent in the sale.

## Country House and Parks to Let.

### TO BE LET FURNISHED.

And entered to at Whitunday next, or sooner, THE HOUSE and OFFICES of CARROLSIDE, with the kitchen, garden, orchard, and about twelve acres of ground round the House, as presently possessed by Captain Fringle, lying in the parish of Earleton, and shire of Berwick.

Also, THE PARKS of CARROLSIDE, containing about 40 acres, all well fenced and watered.

The premises are pleasantly situated on the banks of the water of Leader, 30 miles south from Edinburgh, on the great road to London by Kelso and Jedburgh, about 10 miles from each, and six miles from Melrose and Lauder.

For further particulars apply to William Riddell, writer to the signet.

## Oak Wood at Perth to be Sold.

UPON Thursday the 15th March 1787, there will be exposed to public roup and sale, within the Burrowmuir of Perth,

A considerable quantity of GROWING OAK-WOOD, of a proper age for being cut, to be exposed either in whole or in separate lots, as purchasers shall incline.

The roup to begin at eleven o'clock forenoon; and the conditions of sale may be seen at the Town Clerk's Office in Perth.

## Archers Hall to Let.

To be LET for a TAVERN, and entered to at Whitunday next,

THE HALL belonging to the Royal Company of Archers, lying on the east of George's Square, Edinburgh, with the garden and bowling-green adjoining.

A great part of the furniture of the house belongs to the Archers, of which the tenant will have the use. The Royal Company dine once a week for seven months, and once a month for the remainder of the year, and will use every other means in their power to encourage a tenant of spirit and ability in his profession.

Apply to Mr William Dunbar writer to the signet, or James Gray writer, Merchant Street, Edinburgh.

## House, Garden, & Offices at Laurieston, TO SELL OR LET.

TO be SOLD or LET, for one or more years as can be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitunday next,

THE HOUSE, Garden, and Offices at Laurieston, which belonged to and were possessed by the late Rev. Mr Brown, presently possessed by Mr Beaumont.

The first floor thereof consists of a parlour, small room, pantry, kitchen, servant's room, and scullery, with cellar fitted up with catacombs. The second floor consists of a handsome drawing-room, and bed-room, with a small bedroom, and large closet off the drawing-room. The third floor consists of three bed-rooms, two of which are large, and have each of them a light closet. There is also two excellent Carrets with fire places. The Garden is neatly laid out, and stocked with remarkable fine wall trees. The cellars and out-houses are very commodious, and some of them might be converted at a trifling expence into a coach-house and stable. The situation of the premises is warm and pleasant, and will be much improved by the new communications and opening from the city to the suburbs on the south thereof.

The house to be seen Tuesdays and Fridays from eleven to one o'clock. For further particulars, enquire at Robert Brown writer to the signet.

## Lands to be feued at Alyth,

In the East Corner of the County of Perth.

THE Proprietor has already feued a large part of a field connected with Alyth, a Village increasing in population and consequence, and to which he wishes to give all encouragement. The lots remaining unfenced, will be disposed of, to intelligent and industrious manufacturers, in preference of all others. The situation is particularly favourable to a tanner; the command of water, vicinity of market towns, and easy access to bark, as well as consump for leather, are circumstances to be met with here, worthy the attention of a person of capital, in that profession. For information, apply to Thomas Mitchell, factor on the estate of Airly at Craig by Coupar Angus.

## SALE OF JOHNSTON, ADJOURNED.

TO be SOLD by private bargain, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 14th day of February 1787, between five and six in the evening.

The Lands of JOHNSTON, called JOHNSTON MAINS, with the pertinents, lying in the parish of Eddleburn and shire of Dumfries.

The lands are pleasantly situated on the water of Elk, between Hawick and Langholm, about an equal distance from each. The present rent is only about 40 l. but a considerable rise may be expected on the purchaser's entry, which may be immediately, as there are no tacks on the lands.

Thomas Johnston of Grange will inform as to particulars concerning their extent; and the tenants will show the grounds.

The progress of writs, which are clear, and rental, may be seen by applying to Messrs John Gordon and Alexander Abercrombie, writers to the signet, who have power to conclude a bargain.

## TO be SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUP.

Within the Tontine Tavern in Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 21st day of February 1787, between the hours of one and three o'clock afternoon,

## THE Lands of BLACKYARDS and EASTER BARRACHNEY, lying in the parish of Old Monkland, and shire of Lanark.

Lot I. The Lands of BLACKYARDS, containing from seventy to eighty acres, pleasantly situated on the banks of the Calder, with a convenient House, Offices, Garden, and Orchard, lying within six miles of Glasgow. These lands contain a good seam of workable Coal. They are at present out of tack, so that the purchaser may have immediate entry to the arable land, and to the houses, yards, and grafs, at Whitunday next. Upset Price 1800 l.

Lot II. The Lands of EASTER BARRACHNEY, consisting of from seventy to eighty acres, lying within five miles of Glasgow. These lands are set in tack for 70 l. per annum; but the tack will be got renounced, if purchasers incline. The proprietor is offered 60 l. per annum for a nineteen years tack of the one half of the coal to which he has right.

Rent of the Land 70 l.

Rent of the Coal 60 l.

130 l.

The upset price of this lot is 2000 l. being twenty years purchase of the land, and ten years purchase of the coal.

Lot III. All and whole those parts of the five-merk Land of Barrachney, commonly called BAILLESTON, consisting of from fifty to sixty acres or thereby, with those other parts of Barrachney, consisting of thirty acres, lying on the north side of the high way to Airdrie.

On the lands of Bailleston there is a good mansion-house, containing a dining room, drawing room, and seven bedrooms, with a complete set of offices, an orchard, and a garden consisting of eight acres, well stocked with the finest fruit trees; the whole in the best order. These lands contain also a good workable coal.

Any person wishing to make a private bargain, or to be informed of further particulars, may apply to William French, merchant in Glasgow; or Thomas and Robert Grahames writers in Glasgow.

## Sale of an Organ, a Harpsichord, AND A MUSICAL CLOCK.

To be SOLD at Touch, near Stirling, A Fine toned CHAMBER ORGAN, in an elegant mahogany case, consisting of a stopped diapason, an open diapason, a principal, a twelfth, a fifteenth, a dulciana, a six quilter, and cornet.—Also, A fine toned DOUBLED HARPISCHORD by Kirkman; and an elegant MUSICAL CLOCK.

Intending purchasers may apply to Mr Gray at Touch, who will show the Organ, &c. and dispose of the same at the prices put thereon; and James Bremner, writer in Edinburgh, can inform of the prices.

## AT LONDON—FOR LET.

## The Smack NEWCASTLE,

JAMES MACINTOSH Master, Is taking in goods at Miller's Wharf, opposite Barr Street, for Edinburgh, Leith, and all places adjacent, sails the 21st current, wind and weather serving.

For freight or passage, apply to Mr Walter Miller at the Wharf, or the master on board. Not to be repeated. Leith, 13th February, 1787.

## FOR LONDON, THE SMACK

## Berley of Dunbar,

WILLIAM MILLAR Master,

Is now taking in goods at the New Quay, Leith, and will sail positively the 17th instant.

N. B. As this vessel is well fitted up, passengers may depend on the best accommodation.

## FOR GRENADA, THE CARRIERE,

ROBERT STEEL Master,

Will be ready to receive goods at Greenock by the 15th of February, and clear to sail the 25th March.

For freight or passage, apply to John Campbell senior, in Glasgow, or the master at Greenock.

A good BLACKSMITH, used to horse-shoeing and country work, a good HOUSE CARPENTER, and a good MASON, well recommended, and willing to engage to serve in Grenada for a term of years, will receive good encouragement from Mr Campbell.

## For James River, Virginia, THE SHIP MERMAID,

CAPTAIN HUNTER

Will be ready to receive goods on board by the 10th of February, and clear to sail by the 1st of March at farthest.

For freight or passage, apply to Corbett, Russell, and Co. Glasgow, or the master at Port Glasgow. This vessel has most excellent accommodation for passengers. Glasgow, January 30. 1787.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the house of Mrs Younger in Alloa, on Tuesday the 21st day of February instant,

## The Brigantine Janets,

burthen 130 tons or thereabouts.

Six months credit will be given for the purchase money, with proper security.

And for further particulars apply to John Glen and Company, Grangemouth, who have power to conclude a private bargain; or to Captain James Spittal in Alloa, who will show the vessel and inventory thereof.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the house of Peter Buchanan, vintner, Port-Glasgow, on Tuesday the 20th February current, betwixt the hours of twelve and two,

## The Ship CYCLOPS,

burthen about 280 tons, (well calculated for any trade, or may be fitted out for Greenland at an easy expence,) as the now lies in the harbour of Port-Glasgow.

Inventory and conditions of sale to be seen in the hands of John Dunlop, or James Shaw, Merchants there, to whom persons intending to purchase may apply, betwixt and the day of sale.

## TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT,

at Berwick upon Tweed,

## A HULL of a new Brig,

about 140 tons measurement, will carry 900 bushels of coal at 21 feet water, and shift without ballast, is extraordinary well timbered, and a large quantity of English oak, is mostly kind below the wales, with 3 in oak plank, and three wales of 4 1/2 inches Susslex plank; w l answer well where burden and dispatch is required; can be launched at five days notice.

Length of the Keel 60 feet.

Breadth of Beam 20 ditto.

Depth of the Hold from the ceiling to the Deck 13 ditto.

Likewise, to be SOLD at the same place, a VESSEL, about 80 Tons bounty measurement, built after the model of the Berwick Smacks, will be fit for any trade, particularly the Herring Fishing; will be ready to launch about June next, or sooner if required.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Arthur Byram of Berwick aforesaid.

## BY ADJOURNMENT.

## Sale of the Estate of Redcastle.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 4th day of July 1787, at six o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Barony of REDCASTLE, lying in the parishes of Kilmarnock and Kilmuir-Wester, and county of Renfrew. These lands hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books of the county at 1491 l. At a moderate conversion of the vidual, they yield yearly rent about 1200 l. Sterling; and being very extensive, and still in their natural state, they are capable of great improvement. Their situation is uncommonly agreeable. They lie along the navigable frith of Beaully which bounds them on the south, for the space of about five miles. They are distant from the burgh of Inverness only about two miles. The soil is of an exceeding good quality, dry and healthy; and, owing to the south exposure, the crops are more early than in the most southerly parts of Scotland. The mansion-house is fit to accommodate a large family. The gardens are extensive, and yield fruits of all kinds in great plenty, early, and of the best quality. There is a considerable salmon-fishing upon the estate, and white fish, and shell-fish of all kinds. The low country game upon it is plenty; and all sorts of Highland game within a few miles of it. There is some natural wood, and the plantations upon the estate are extensive, and in thriving condition.

Any of the tenants upon the estate will show the lands; and the rental, title-deeds, and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of John Tait writer to the signet, Park Place, Edinburgh; and to whom any person may apply who wishes to purchase by private bargain.